# 3.4 Configuration Management (CM) Activities

#### 3.4.1 COTS Hardware Problem Scenario

### 3.4.1.1 Scenario Description

This scenario describes the failure of a hardware device (a workstation) that does NOT involve a configuration management issue. In this example, a Trouble Ticket (TT) is submitted for a workstation that gives intermittent CPU errors. The Systems Administrator (SA) diagnoses the problem. The Maintenance Engineer (ME) resolves the problem. The ME oversees the resolution via the vendor's maintenance technician (VMT). The actors in this scenario are the Operator, Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT and the ECS system.

### 3.4.1.2 Frequency

This scenario will run whenever there is a hardware problem which could be once a month.

## 3.4.1.3 Assumptions

- 1. The Ops Supervisor is continuously monitoring for new TTs.
- 2. The SA and ME periodically checks E-mail notifications for assigned Trouble Tickets.
- 3. In this scenario, the Ops Supervisor, SA and ME can assign any status or priority to a Trouble Ticket. This will be configurable at each DAAC.
- 4. When working with the Resolution Log, one can view all entries if one clicks on the button immediately to the right of the text box.
- 5. The Remedy schema shown is still being decided on.
- 6. Fields required for TT submission (Short Description and Submitter ID) are provided.
- 7. Trouble Ticketing is designed and configured to run 24 hours/day.

## 3.4.1.4 Components

Figure 3.4.1.4-1 indicates the interaction between the DAAC personnel and the ECS subsystems.

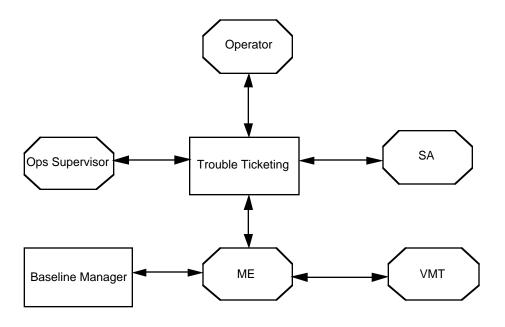


Figure 3.4.1.4-1. COTS Hardware Problem Components

#### 3.4.1.5 Preconditions

Preconditions for this scenario are a Trouble Ticket must be submitted, a Ops Supervisor must be monitoring for incoming Trouble Tickets, Remedy should be running normally.

# 3.4.1.6 Detailed Steps of Process

Table 3.4.1.6-1 represents the details of this scenario. The times and duration given are approximate.

Table 3.4.1.6-1. COTS Hardware Problem Process (1 of 4)

Step	Time (mins)	Operator (Submitter)	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA and ME)	ECS System	Figure
1	<1	Upon realization that a problem exists, an Operator logs into Remedy.		Remedy starts with the Release A Trouble Ticketing schema.	3.4.1.6-1
2	<1	Operator chooses "Open Submit" from the File menu.			
3	<5	Operator enters problem impact, problem short description, problem long description, submitter id, and hardware resource.			
4	<1	Satisfied with entry, Operator then clicks on the Apply button to submit TT.			3.4.1.6-2
5	<1			System creates new entry in Remedy, fills in user info (submitter name, phone number, e-mail address, home DAAC), notifies Ops Supervisor, displays successful submission message with TT number at bottom of Submit window, and notifies Operator via e-mail.	3.4.1.6-3
6	<1	Receives e-mail verifying that the TT was submitted.	Ops Supervisor receives notification that a new Trouble Ticket has entered the system.		
7	<1		Ops Supervisor refreshes TT list to check for most recent TTs.	System (Remedy) refreshes list.	3.4.1.6-4
8	<1		Ops Supervisor selects TT for work and opens it.	System (Remedy) opens TT.	3.4.1.6-5

3-51a 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	Operator (Submitter)	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA and ME)	ECS System	Figure
9	<5		On examining the detailed information, the Ops Supervisor changes the value of Ticket Status from New to Assigned.	(Options: New, Assigned, In- Progress, Forwarded, Closed, Rejected, Suspended)	
10	<1		The Ops Supervisor assigns the value of Medium to the Assigned-Priority field.	(Options: Low, Medium, High)	
11	<1		The Ops Supervisor assigns the Trouble Ticket to SA to fix the problem.		
12	<1		The Ops Supervisor clicks on Apply to carry out these new changes.	System (Remedy) delivers e-mail to SA.	3.4.1.6-6
13	<1		The SA receives e-mail notifying him/her of the assignment.		3.4.1.6-7
14	<10		On viewing the TT and running some preliminary tests, the SA warrants the need to run a vendor diagnostic and makes an entry in the Resolution Log to this effect.		3.4.1.6-8
15	<20		The SA takes the server off line. (Reference 3.8.1 Data Processing Host Routine Maintenance)		
16	<30		The SA runs a vendor diagnostic.		
17	<10		The SA diagnoses the problem as a system board failure and makes an entry in the Resolution Log to this effect.		

3-51b 605-CD-001-003

18	<1	The SA then changes the	
		Assigned-to field to ME.	

3-51c 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	Operator (Submitter)	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA and ME)	ECS System	Figure
19	<1		The SA then clicks on the submit button to carry out these changes/additions.		3.4.1.6-9
20	<1		The ME receives e-mail notifying him/her of the assignment.		
21	5		The ME uses the BaseLine Manager to identify the workstation configuration and the responsible maintenance vendor.		
22	5		The ME records this information in the Resolution Log.		
23	<1		The ME moves the Status from Assigned to Solution Proposed.		
24	20		The TT Review Board Chair compiles a package of new Solution Proposed TTs for review by the board.		
25	30		The TT Review Board considers the sensibility and long term effects of the proposed solution for this TT.		
26	5		The TT Review Board approves the solution and changes the Status to "Implement Solution".		
27	2		The ME then calls the maintenance vendor.		
28	240		The VMT arrives.		

3-51d 605-CD-001-003

29	30	The VMT confirms that the system	
		board has failed.	

3-51e 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	Operator (Submitter)	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA and ME)	ECS System	Figure
30	30		The VMT replaces the board with an identical board (i.e., same make, model, version)		
31	30		The VMT brings the system back up and verifies that the system is operational.		
32	2		The VMT reports the board replacement to ME.		
33	4		The ME then records the time the vendor arrived and departed and actions taken to resolve the problem into the Resolution Log.		
34	<1		The ME then enters a closing code and submits back to board.		
35	10		The board approves fix and upon user verification closes TT.	System (Remedy) sends e-mail to Operator	3.4.1.6-10
36	<1	The Operator receives e-mail notifying him/her of the TT being closed.			
37	10		The ME then records the serial number of the new board into the property management system.		

3-51f 605-CD-001-003

#### 3.4.1.7 Postconditions

Network is executing normally and Trouble Ticket remains in database for future reference.

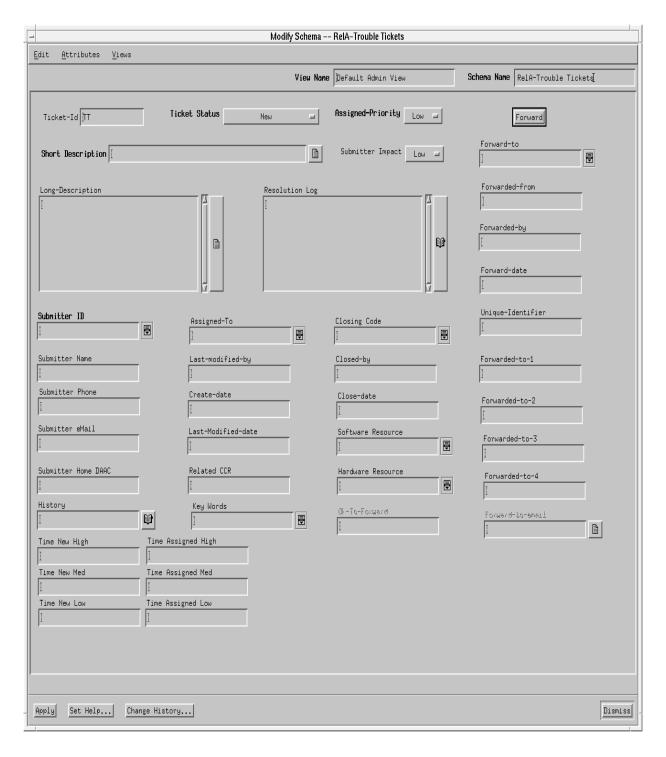


Figure 3.4.1.6-1. Remedy Trouble Ticket

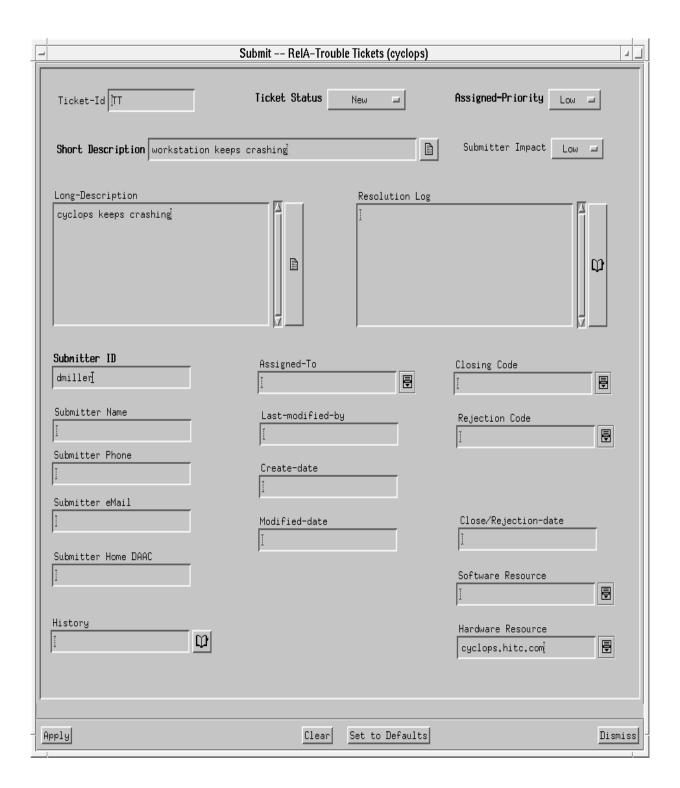


Figure 3.4.1.6-2. Submit Window



Figure 3.4.1.6-3. Remedy Notification

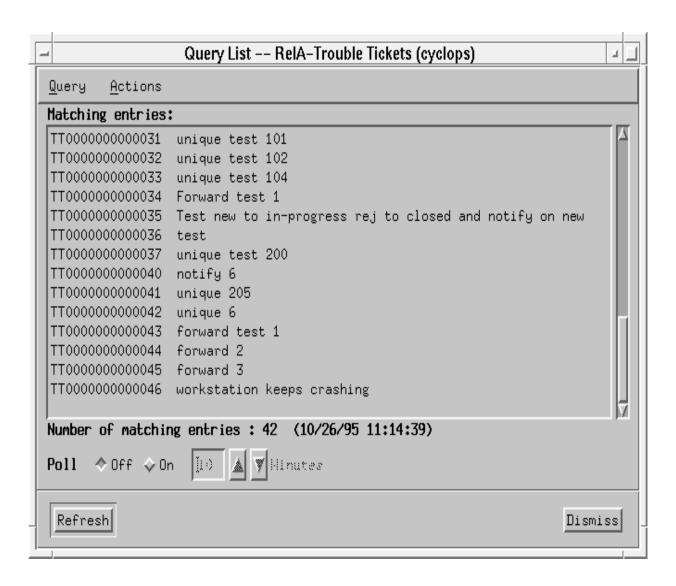


Figure 3.4.1.6-4. Trouble Ticket List

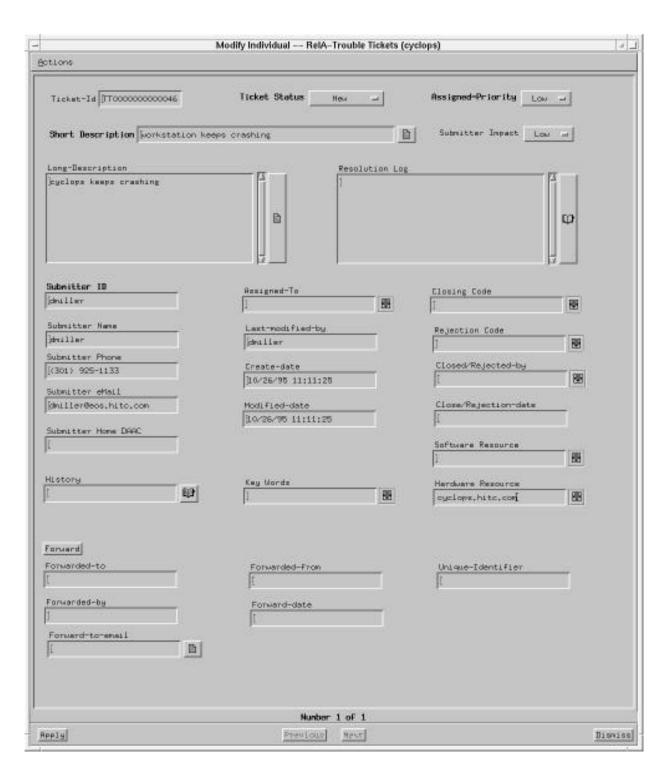


Figure 3.4.1.6-5. Trouble Ticket New

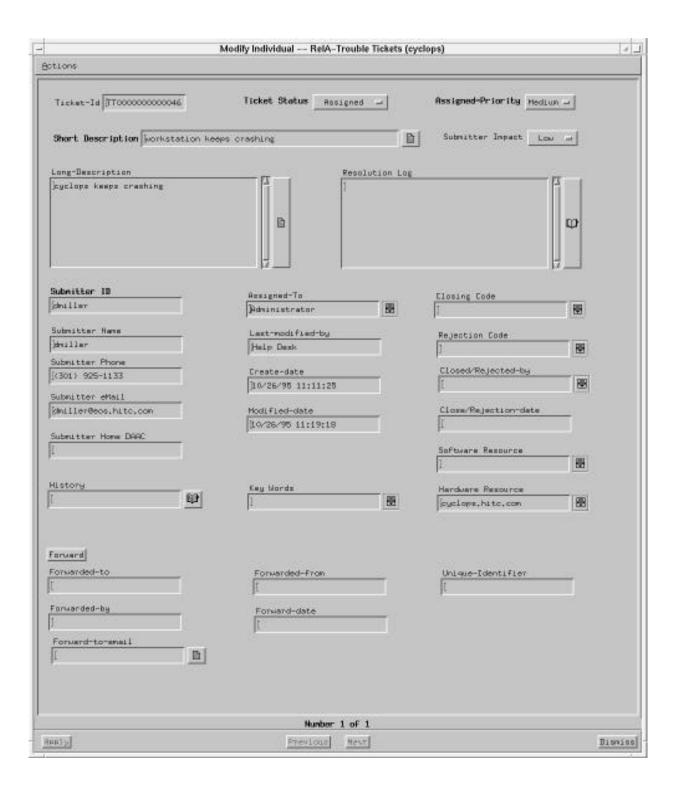


Figure 3.4.1.6-6. Trouble Ticket Assigned



Figure 3.4.1.6-7. Assigned to E-Mail

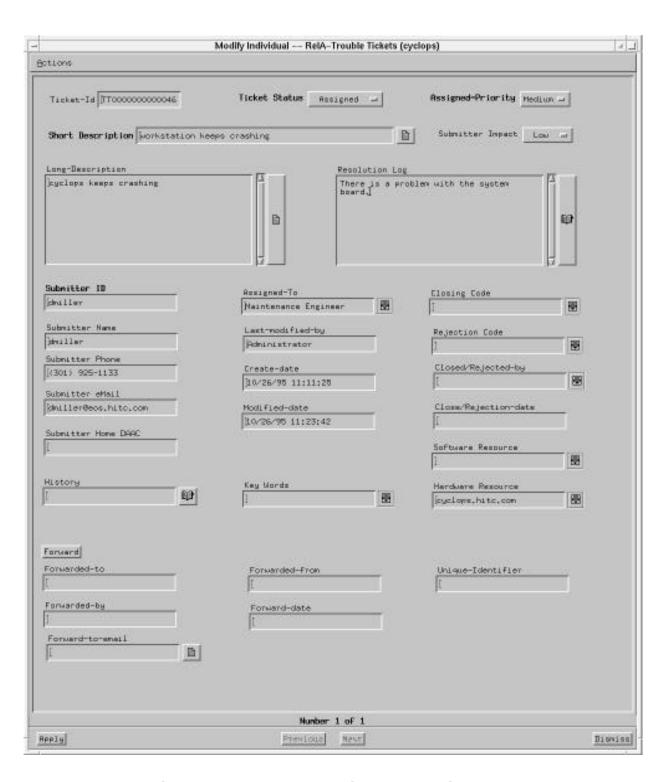


Figure 3.4.1.6-8. Trouble Ticket Resolution Log 1

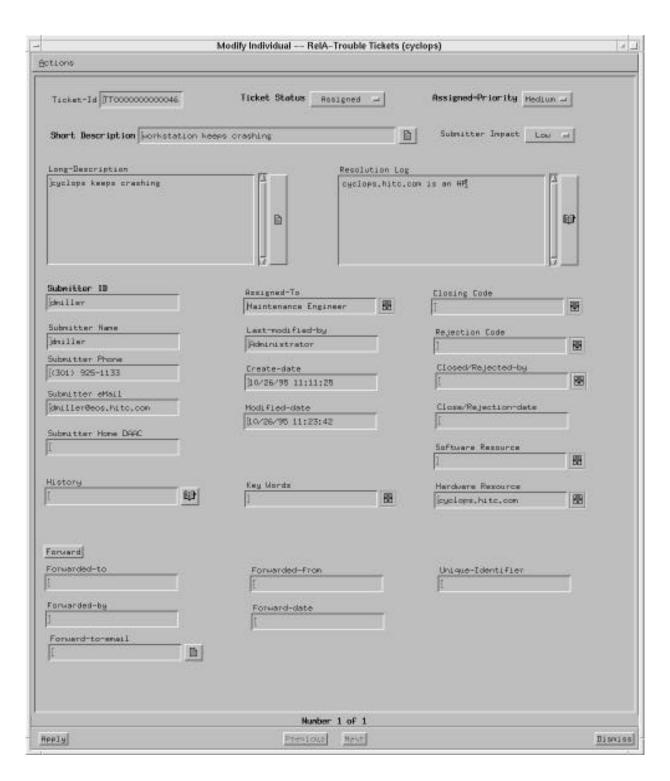


Figure 3.4.1.6-9. Trouble Ticket Resolution Log 2

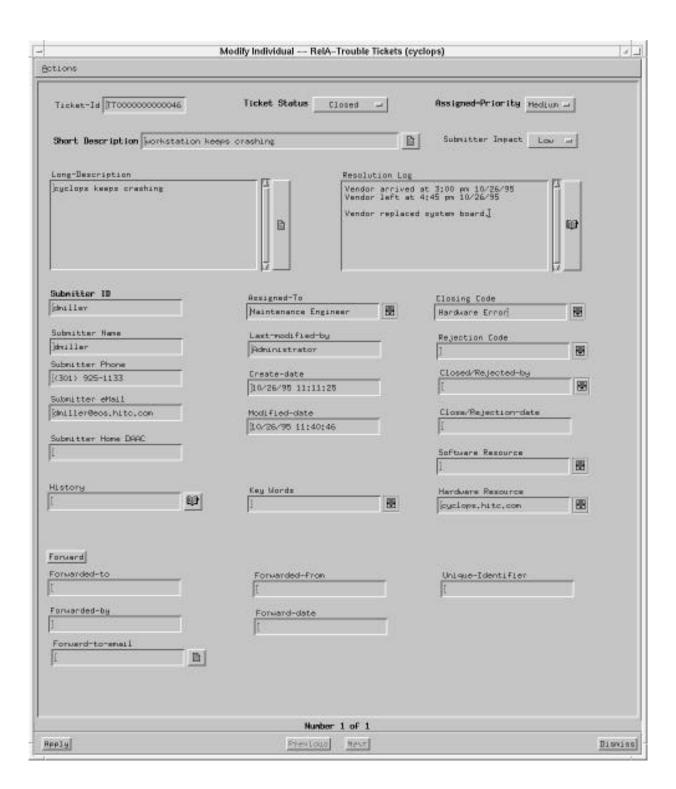


Figure 3.4.1.6-10. Trouble Ticket Close

## 3.4.2 Hardware Emergency Change Scenario

## 3.4.2.1 Scenario Description

This scenario describes the failure of hardware (an automated tape library (ATL)) at 7 p.m. on a Saturday evening. The user submits a Trouble Ticket (TT) for problems with the ATL. The Ops Supervisor receives the Trouble Ticket. It is then routed to the Systems Administrator (SA) who confirms the problem then notifies the site Maintenance Engineer (ME). The ME runs diagnostics and reports the problem and symptoms to the vendor's maintenance technician (VMT). When the VMT arrives, he concludes that a controller card has failed. The only card the VMT has available is of a later version and no spares are available on site. It will be Monday at the earliest before a replacement board of the same make and model can be located. The site cannot afford to have the ATL down until Monday, so the later version of the card is installed as a temporary fix. The actors in this scenario are the User, Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT, Sustaining Engineer, Operations Crew Chief (i.e., shift leader), DAAC Manager, CM Administrator, ECS SEO and the ECS system.

## 3.4.2.2 Frequency

This scenario will run whenever there is a hardware problem that involves a change to the baselined configuration.

### 3.4.2.3 Assumptions

- 1. The Ops Supervisor continuously monitors for new TT's.
- 2. The SA and ME periodically checks for E-mail for notifications of assigned Trouble Tickets.
- 3. In this scenario, the Ops Supervisor, SA and ME can assign any status or priority to a Trouble Ticket. This will be configurable at each DAAC.
- 4. Key players (site Sustaining Engineer, site CM administrator, SEO staff member) will have access to the change request manager application and the Distributed Defect Tracking System (DDTS), used to record and track proposed changes to ECS resources.
- 5. When working with the Resolution Log, one can view all entries if one clicks on the button immediately to the right of the text box.
- 6. The Remedy schema shown is still being discussed.
- 7. Fields required for TT submission (Short Description and Submitter ID) are provided.
- 8. Trouble Ticketing is designed and configured to run 24 hours/day.

## 3.4.2.4 Components

Figure 3.4.2.4-1 indicates the interaction between the DAAC personnel and the ECS subsystems.

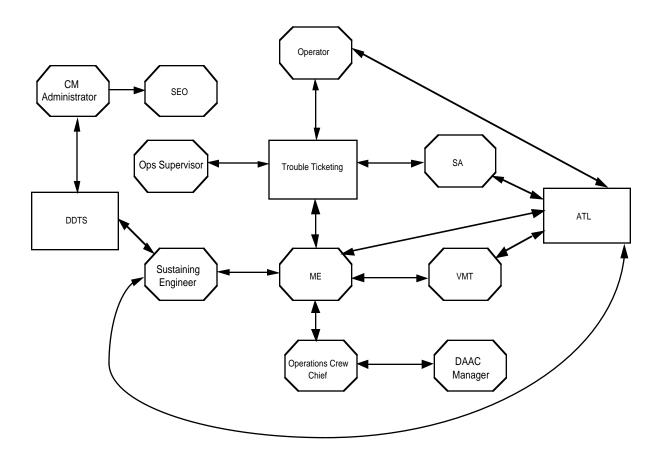


Figure 3.4.2.4-1. Hardware Emergency Change Scenario Components

#### 3.4.2.5 Preconditions

Preconditions for this scenario are a Trouble Ticket must be submitted, an Ops Supervisor must be monitoring for incoming Trouble Tickets, Remedy should be running normally.

# 3.4.2.6 Detailed Steps of Process

Table 3.4.2.6-1 represents the details of this scenario. The times and duration given are approximate.

Table 3.4.2.6-1. Hardware Emergency Change Process (1 of 7)

Step	Time (mins)	User	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT, Sustaining Engineer, Operations Crew Chief, DAAC Manager, CM Administrator)	ECS System	Figure
1	<1	Upon realization that a problem exists, a user logs into Remedy.		Remedy starts with the Release A Trouble Ticketing schema.	3.4.2.6-1
2	<1	User chooses "Open Submit" from the File menu.			
3	<1	User selects the Submit Option.		Submit window opens	
4	15	User enters problem impact, problem short description, problem long description, submitter id and hardware resource.			
5	<1	Satisfied with entry, user then clicks on the Apply button to submit TT.			3.4.2.6-2
6	<1			System creates new entry in Remedy, fills in user info (user name, e-mail, phone) notifies User Services staff member, displays successful submission message with TT number at bottom of Submit window, and notifies User via e-mail.	3.4.2.6-3
7	<1	Receives e-mail verifying that the TT was submitted.	Ops Supervisor responsible for assigning Trouble Tickets receives notification that a new Trouble Ticket has entered the system.		

3-63a 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	User	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT, Sustaining Engineer, Operations Crew Chief, DAAC Manager, CM Administrator)	ECS System	Figure
8	<1		Ops Supervisor refreshes TT list to check for most recent TTs.	System (Remedy) refreshes list.	3.4.2.6-4
9	<1		Ops Supervisor selects TT for work and opens it.	System (Remedy) opens TT.	3.4.2.6-5
10	20		On examining the detailed information, the Ops Supervisor changes the value of Ticket Status from New to Assigned.	(Options: Assigned, and Forwarded)	
11	<1		The Ops Supervisor assigns the value of Medium to the Assigned-Priority field.	(Options: Low, Medium, High)	
12	<1		The Ops Supervisor assigns the Trouble Ticket to SA to fix the problem.		
13	<1		The Ops Supervisor clicks on Apply to carry out these new changes.	System (Remedy) delivers e-mail to SA.	3.4.2.6-6
14	<1		The SA receives e-mail notifying him/her of the assignment.		
15	<20		Assessing the Trouble Ticket, the SA confirms that the system will not operate.		
16	<1		The SA then changes the Assigned-to field to ME.		
17	<1		The SA then clicks on the submit button to carry out these changes/additions.	System (Remedy) delivers e- mail to ME.	

3-63b 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	User	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT, Sustaining Engineer, Operations Crew Chief, DAAC Manager, CM Administrator)	ECS System	Figure
18	<1		The ME receives e-mail notifying him/her of the assignment.		
19	20		The ME runs further diagnostics, confirms that ATM is the source of the problem and makes an entry in the Resolution Log to this effect then reports the problem to the maintenance vendor. Because of the emergency nature of this scenario, the formality of "Solution Reviewal" by the TT Review Board is foregone. Otherwise this would occur before reporting the problem to the maintenance vendor.		3.4.2.6-7
20	240		The VMT arrives.		
21	60		The VMT concludes that the controller card has failed.		
22	30		The VMT reports to the ME that the only controller card that is immediately available is of a later version. It will be 48 hours before a replacement card of the same version can be obtained.		
23	15		The ME reports this to the Operations Crew Chief for a decision.		

3-63c 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	User	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT, Sustaining Engineer, Operations Crew Chief, DAAC Manager, CM Administrator)	ECS System	Figure
24	20		Since the DAAC cannot afford to have the ATL down for 48 hours, the Crew Chief calls the DAAC Manager at home, appraises him of the situation, and obtains approval to replace the card with the later version if tests conclude that it works properly.		
25	90		The VMT replaces the card.		
26	60		The sites Sustaining Engineer (SE) brings the ATL back up and verifies that it works properly.  The ME updates the property record with the model, version, and serial number of the new board.		
27	30		SE executes DDTS to compose a CCR to record the ATL configuration change.  SE clicks the "Submit" button to bring up the CCR input screen.  SE enters the class and project name for the CCR.  SE enters the date, title, problem description, proposed change, submitter's name, SE's name, priority, change action taken, and DAAC manager's approval on the form and then clicks the "Commit" button.	DDTS displays its base menu page. DDTS displays an initial input screen. DDTS accepts the input and displays the CCR form.  DDTS stores the CCR information in its database, sets an initial state (new), and sends e-mail notification of its existence to the site's CM Administrator.	3.4.2.6-8

3-63d 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	User	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT, Sustaining Engineer, Operations Crew Chief, DAAC Manager, CM Administrator)	ECS System	Figure
28	Monday morning 360		Upon the consent of the TT Review Board the VMT returns on Monday, coordinates with the ME and DAAC management and is allowed to replace the later version of the controller card with one of the same make and model that the later version replaced. SE tests the new controller board, finds that it works properly, and bring the ATL back on line.		
29	30		TT Review Board Chair makes appropriate changes in the property record. The TT Review Board Chair then records the time the vendor arrived and departed and actions taken to resolve the problem into the TT Resolution Log.		3.4.2.6-10
30	15		The TT Review Board Chair references the related CCR in the TT Related CCR field. The TT Review Board Chair then enters a closing code into the TT. The TT Review Board Chair then changes the TT Status field to closed. The TT Review Board Chair then clicks on Apply to update the TT with these changes.	Remedy stores changes and sends e-mail to User.	3.4.2.6-11

3-63e 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	User	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT, Sustaining Engineer, Operations Crew Chief, DAAC Manager, CM Administrator)	ECS System	Figure
31	<1	Operator receives e-mail informing him/her that TT is Closed.			
32	20		SE accesses DDTS to record ATL replacement	DDTS displays base page.	3.4.2.6-8
			SE selects appropriate CCR and then clicks "Modify" menu. SE selects 'Modify Record' option.	DDTS displays the "Modify" menu.	3.4.2.6-12
			SE enters an update to the problem's resolution. Includes recommendation that CCR be closed. Then clicks the "Commit" button.	DDTS stores the information in its database and notifies (via e-mail) site CM administrator of the update.	
33	15		Site CM Admin. reviews e-mail, reads CCR notification, accesses DDTS, and clicks the "Print" button to get a hard copy of the CCR for submission to the site CCB.	DDTS displays the print options	
			Site CM Admin. selects full Page CCR format, CCR to be printed, and the printer that will print CCR. Then clicks "Print" button.	DDTS prints CCR information.	
34	20		Site CM Admin. adds CCR to CCB's agenda and submits a hard copy of the CCR to the site CCB for informational and disposition purposes. CCB reviews CCR and provides instructions to close it.		

3-63f 605-CD-001-003

Step	Time (mins)	User	Operator (Ops Supervisor, SA, ME, VMT, Sustaining Engineer, Operations Crew Chief, DAAC Manager, CM Administrator)	ECS System	Figure
35	30		Site CM Admin. executes DDTS to add	DDTS displays the base page.	3.4.2.6-8
			notes concerning the site CCB's		
			disposition instructions.		3.4.2.6-13
			Site CM Admin. selects the appropriate CCR in the index section of the screen	DDTS initiates a text editor.	
			and then clicks the "Add Enclosure"		
			button.	DDTS saves the information	
			Site CM Admin. enters information and clicks the editor's File Menu's save	under the entered enclosure	
			option.	title.	
			Site CM Admin. enters an enclosure		
			title such as 'Site CCB Closure'.	DDTS changes state and sends e-mail notification to the	
			Site CM Admin. changes CCR's state to "resolved".	SE.	
36	5		Site CM Admin. executes the print	DDTS prints a copy of the	
			option to print a copy of the CCR to a file.	CCR to a designated file.	
			Site CM Admin. uses e-mail facility to		
			send a copy of the CCR to the SEO for	E-mail facility mails the file to the SEO.	
			informational purposes only.	1110 020.	

3-63g 605-CD-001-003

#### 3.4.2.7 Postconditions

ATL is operational with its original configuration restored. There is a CCR in the DDTS database which documents the temporary change.

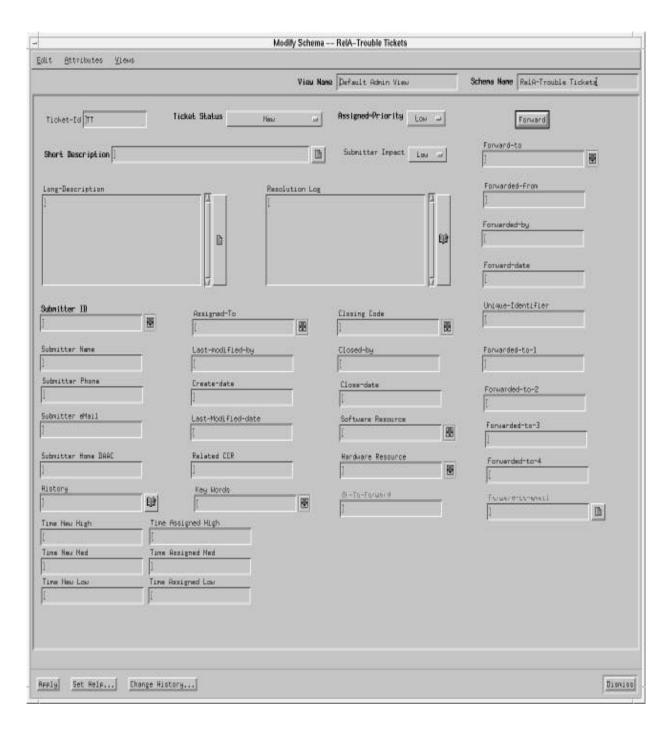


Figure 3.4.2.6-1. Remedy Trouble Ticket

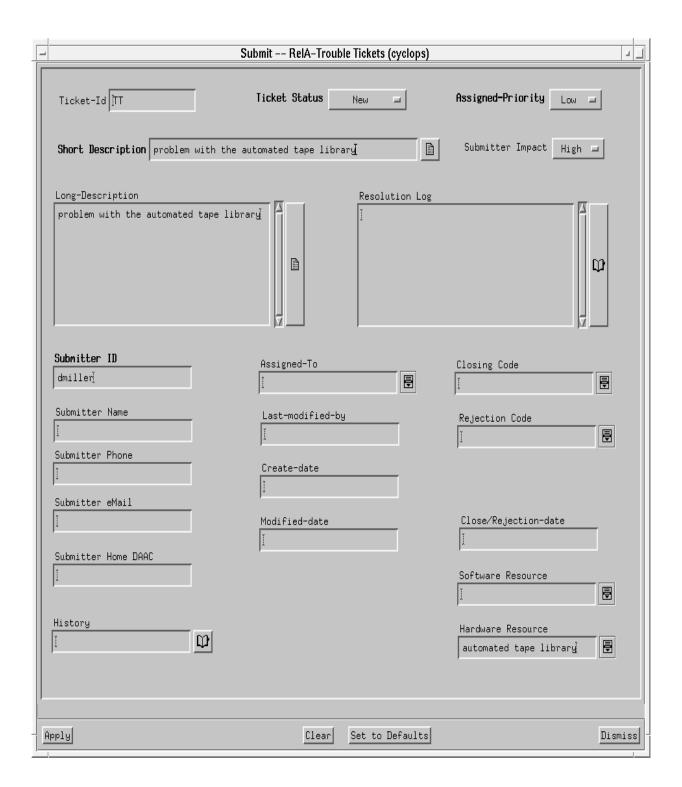


Figure 3.4.2.6-2. Submit Window

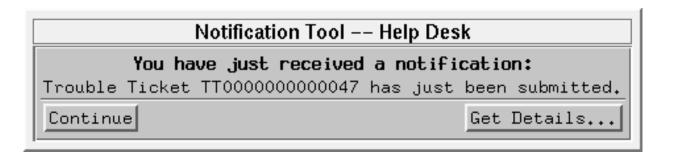


Figure 3.4.2.6-3. Remedy Notification

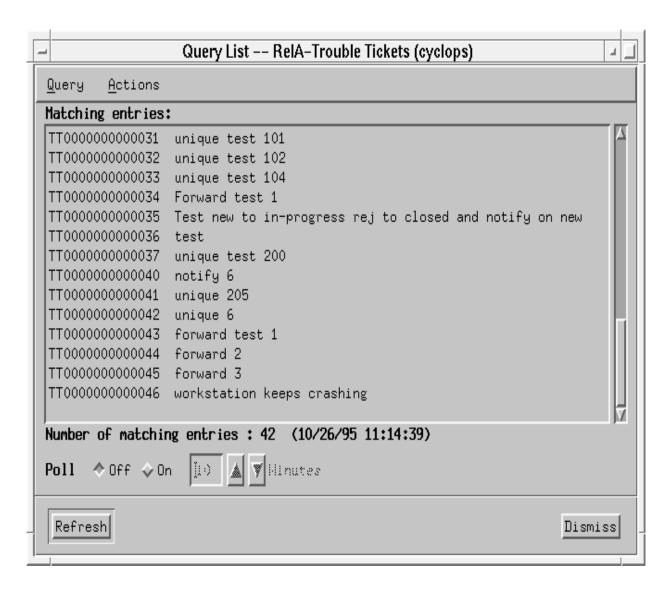


Figure 3.4.2.6-4. Trouble Ticket List

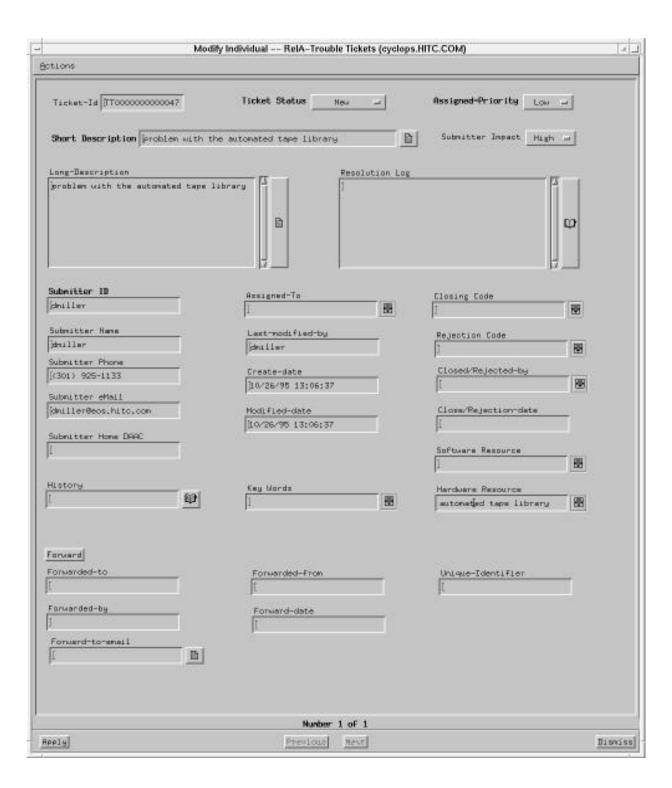


Figure 3.4.2.6-5. Trouble Ticket New

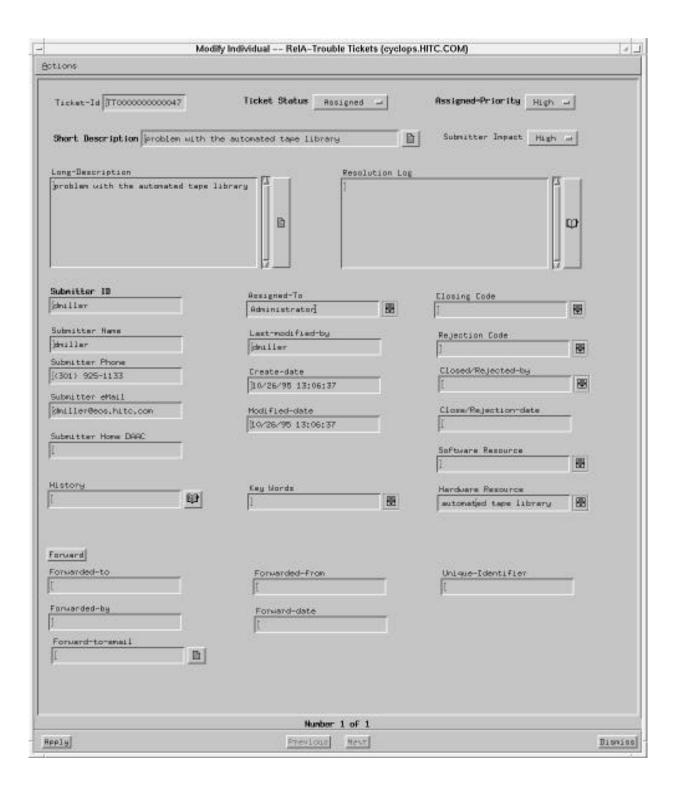


Figure 3.4.2.6-6. Trouble Ticket Assigned

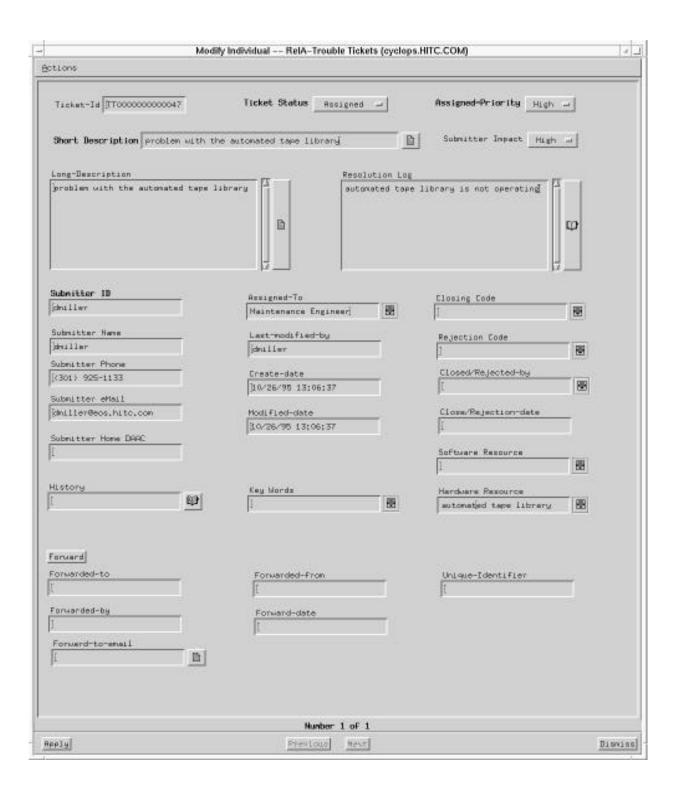


Figure 3.4.2.6-7. Trouble Ticket Resolution Log 1

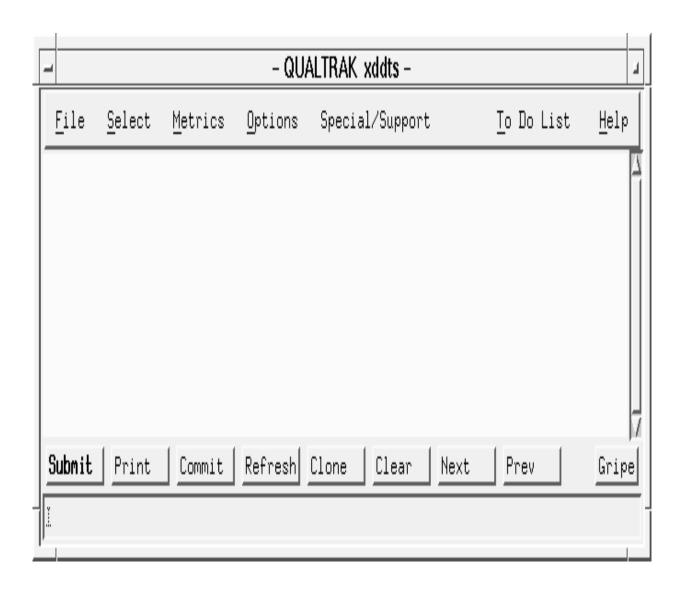


Figure 3.4.2.6-8. DDTS Base

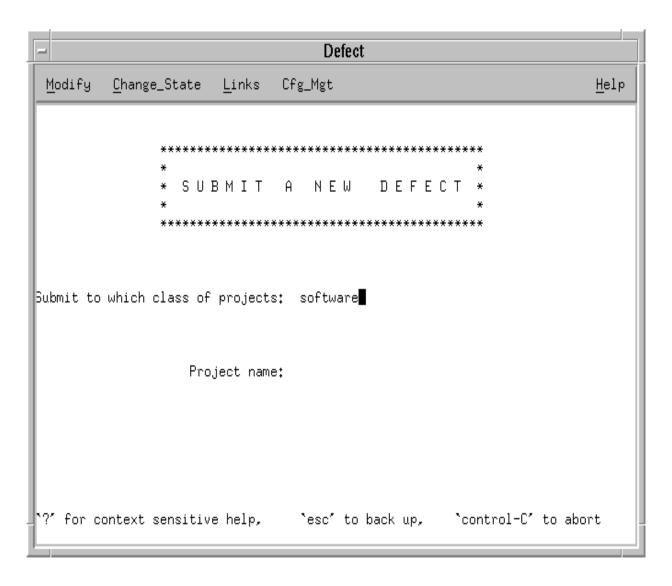


Figure 3.4.2.6-9. DDTS Submit

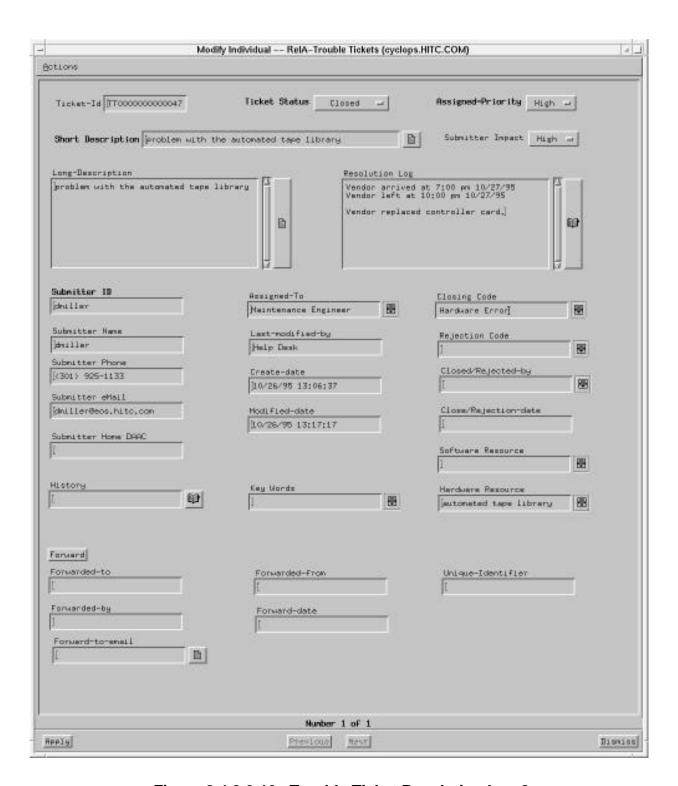


Figure 3.4.2.6-10. Trouble Ticket Resolution Log 2

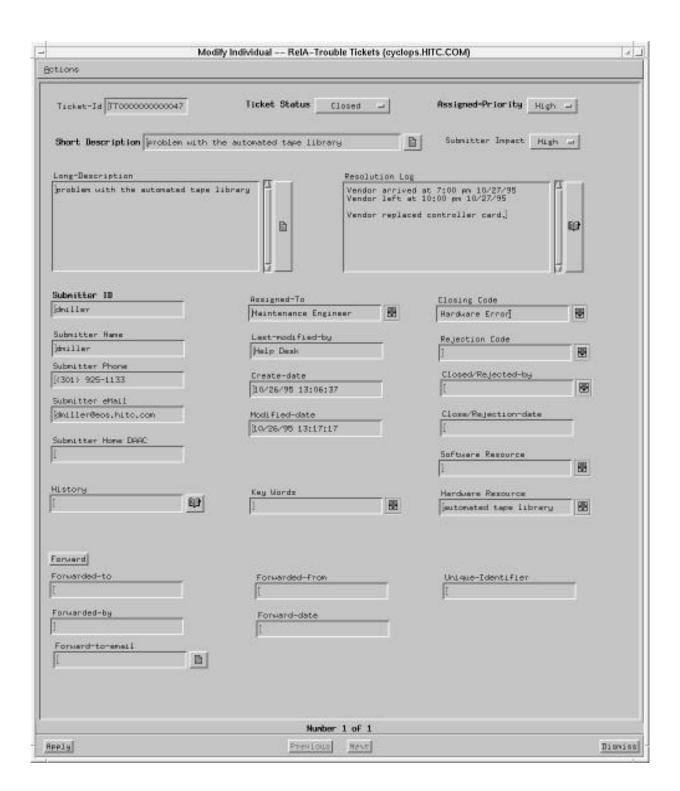


Figure 3.4.2.6-11. Trouble Ticket Close

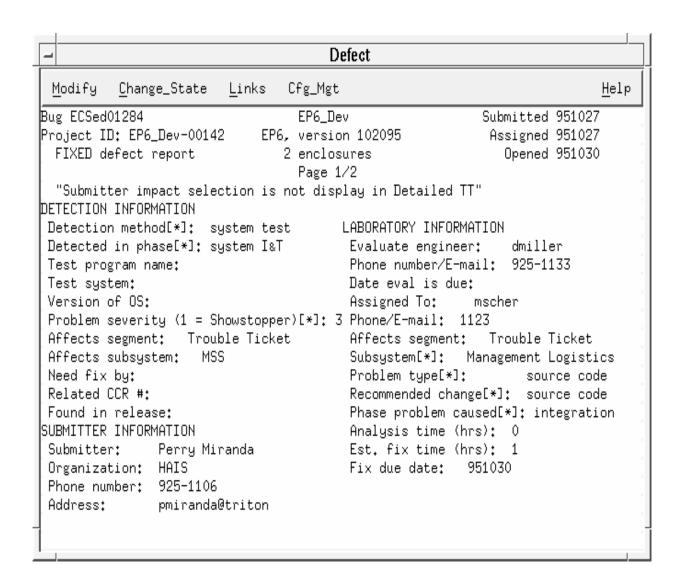


Figure 3.4.2.6-12. DDTS Modify

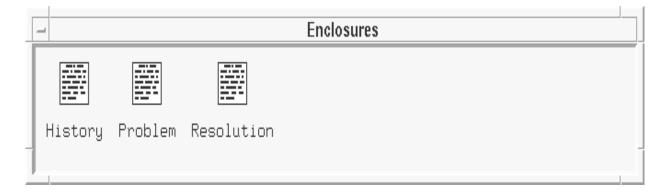


Figure 3.4.2.6-13. DDTS Enclosures